### COLONY SCHEME

LAND SECURED IN GEORGIA FOR FOURTEEN THOUSAND VETERANS.

P. H. Fitzgerald, the Father of the Iden, Denies that Titles to Land Are Cloudy.

The press dispatches yesterday related that ex-Governor Northen, of Georgia, had wired to Baltimore that he had secured the land for the colony of soldiers numbering 10,000 that are to settle in Georgia. The cheme is one that was conceived by P. H. Fitzgerald, of this city. Mr. Fitzgerald arrived home yesterday morning and was asked as to the reports that the titles to the land are not free from cloud. He said that this aspersion upon the title was started by the disappointed agent whose offer of a tract of land was rejected. He

offer of a tract of land was rejected. He said further:

"Yes, the report you speak of is true. I have just returned from a trip with the colony committee through Georgia. This is my second trip into that. State seeking a proper location for our colony. The idea of this colony has been bearing upon my mind and has received my attention for several years past, situated as I am and have been for years, being in communication with so many thousand solders. I have received many requests to organize such a colony. I at last took the matter up and perfected a plan upon a mutual basis. Our plan is a mutual stock company of 50,000 shares of \$10 each, making a capital of \$500,000. The organization purchases a tract of 100,000 acres in one body. At the center, or as near as will permit, we will lay off 1,000 acres for our city. The remainder of the lands will be surveyed and staked into farms, ranging from five acres on up to 100 acres each. Each other tract will be alloted to members, the colony retaining the alternate tracts to be sold at such times as fair prices can be had and demands made, which must come so soon as our settlements and improvements begin. The lands have now been purchased by a committee, selected from members of the brganization, who, after inspecting lands in four counties of Georgia, selected 101,000 acres in Montgomery county, about 125 miles above the south line of Georgia, eighty-five miles west of Savannah and sixty-five miles southeast of Macon, a most heautiful location. Health and water is very fine. All kinds of farming is done there and the fruit of that section is very fine. Much has been said for and against our enterprise, but we are going steadily on and will soon be able to close our membership books. We have every State west of Ohio represented, with Indiana ahead and Nebraska coming next. Every State has good large clubs. The officers will be selected from each State wh and he made threats that he would injure the organization, yet we have no fears of such work; and if any of our members wish to correspond with W. H. Tiff & Bro., of Tifton, Ga., soldiers from Connecticut, they will readily be informed as to what they are doing and what can be done by Northern soldiers in Georgia. They sold from one orchard \$105,000 worth of peaches last year and will double it this year. They have grown wealthy at farming and raising fruits. The committee who have examined this land and section of the country are as follows: D. C. Welch, McPherson, Kan.; Peter Dinger, Gilman, Kilinois; Dr. J. M. Deniston, LePaz, Ind.; Henry C. Miller, Stanton, Neb.; H. H. Winas, Port Huron, Mich.

"These men met many of their comrades

Miller, Stanton, Neb.; H. H. Winas, Port Huron, Mich.

"These men met many of their comrades on their travels through, Georgia and all gave them great encouragement. Our members are all of a good class of people and will make a community that the State will be proud of. Our membership is nearly ready to close and we shall soon elect officers and begin our work. We are now only waiting for perfect and complete title. As soon as it is made we shall send to the location three sawmilis, one planing mill, one shingle mill and brick mill and push the work of getting out lumber and having it in shape when the people get ready to locate on the land, which will begin in September and continue until December, when, we believe, nearly all the members will get there. The colony organization will expend something like \$200,000 upon the work of preparing the city and giving members work until they begin to raise something, which, I assure you, is easily and early done in the middle section of Georgia. We have been met with many such articles and other hindrances thrown in our way by people who have some personal motive for changing the colony location to nearer them or who were unable to sell us lands, but we shall overcome this.

"I do not know as I have anything further to say more than we shall mush the enterprise and I feel confident of its grand success. Ex-Governor Northen has interested himself in the matter and is doing all he can to assist us in every way. I do not think any man can doubt the upright, honest motives of a man like him, for among his people he is at the head. Inasmuch as you have come to interview me upon this subject I desire to give you the facts."

Mr. Fitzgerald exhibits the following report, signed by the committee which went Mr. Fitzgerald exhibits the following re-

port, signed by the committee which went to investigate the land:

"We would respectfully state for your information that, pursuant of an appointment as a committee, made for the purpose of verifying a report on a tract of Montgomery county, Georgia, land, by Mr. P. H. Fitzgerald, and indorsed by Dr. Manzer, that we proceeded direct to said land and procured conveyances and proper guides, who drove with us around over the tract, which is situated from a mile to two miles north of the Savannah, Americus & Montgomery railroad, beginning about two and one-haif miles north of Mount Vernon, the county seat. We found the land had a beautiful growth of long leaf yellow pine, original or virgin pine, which we were mformed and believe would average from six to eight thousand feet an acre. The land is roilling, nicely drained, but not hilly; numerous small creeks of pure, clear water flow through the land at various places; no swamps, marshes or low lands appeared. We believe the entire tract can be cultivated when once cleared. The soil was a sand loam, varying from six to ten inches, and appeared upon a subsoil of reddish pebble clay. We were informed it was considered good strong lands upon which could be raised corn, sugar cane, potatoes, oats, peas, beans, and, in fact, all the garden vegetables we raise in the North; also, cotton a.ld rice. All fruits do well in this section except the apple, which does only fairly, yet little attempt has been made to grow it. Peaches, pears, plums, grapes, ligs, apricots, cherries and quinces are said to do well. The land is beautifully situated for our purpose. The health of the county is good, as shown by all reports. The climate is mild and balmy, and is all a person could ask, for the distance from the coast makes it very desirable. The Oconee river is about two and one-half or three miles west of this land. The stream is a heavy running stream, and we were informed quite large body of land was in fact fully up to the report of Mr. Fitzgerald, we went from there west along sai port, signed by the committee which went to investigate the land: were given a treat in the snape of a drive over their beautiful orchards and farms. We would hardly know better to describe the place than to ask you to again read over the report of Mr. Fitzgerald, which is a good one, yet it falls to give the place and county justice. It is far more than we expected to see, and we are frank to say were agreeably surprised to see prosperous condition of things and Tifton. The boys are from State of Connecticut, and have the State of Connecticut, and have been here for many years. They were both soldiers from the Nutmeg State, and, for Yankee soldiers, are very prosperous. Their fruit crop for this year will be very large. The grape, pear and peaches all look very fine. We find that the clearing of pine lands are not so hard a task as we expected. The roots and stumps are easily removed. In clearing lands they girdle or deaden the trees any time from September to Janauary. The leaves soon drop off, and they can plow the ground in December or January and make a crop the first year, while the trees may stand until the crop is removed. Peach trees bear the second year, and the third year they average about two bushels a tree. All the ground between the trees can be used for crops during the first, second and third years. We visited the lands in the counties of Wilcox and Irwin, rode over and through some beautiful lands in said counties. The soil and lay of the land were all very similar to that in Montgomery. This tract of land, comprising something over 100,000 acres, was offered to us at the same price as the Montgomery tract. A greater part of the heavy timber had been taken from it, and our fault with it was that the tract

extended into two counties, and was of an irregular shape; otherwise there was but little difference in the lands. Mr. Fitzgerald's report is, as we found it. a good, honest report, and just as our colony will find the lands and situation. We report favorably upon the Montgomery county lands. It is quite a task to find so large a body of suitable lands. The State is receiving a considerable amount of advertising, and lands are beginning to advance in price, and will not remain long at the low prices now prevailing. We therefore recommend that the option be closed and the colony accept this tract of land. We could go on and write pages of what we have seen and what can be done in this section of the State of Georgia, its climate and the people, but it would only be to repeat the report made by Mr. Fitzgerald, which we trust all have read. We will therefore close this report, each promising to give the Tribune a letter explaining more in detail at an early date. The reception of the native people was all we could expect, all extending a hearty welcome and a desire that our colony will locate among them."

G. A. R. FLOODED WITH LETTERS. Indiana Department Has Replied Cau-

tiously to Them. The Indiana Department, G. A. R., has been flooded within the last few weeks with inquiries regarding the colonization scheme of P. H. Fitzgerald. The department has answered all letters upon the subject in a way not to influence the inquirers to take up with it. It is proposed by Mr. Fitzgerald to take in the colony merchants, bankers, doctors, lawyers, mechanics and bankers, doctors, lawyers, mechanics and all kinds of persons necessary to the success of a locality. The scheme is the largest one of the kind ever undertaken. The department has not given advice upon the subject, but when information was asked it has been said that the parties interested in the project are supposed to be honorable, and the colony may be a success if those interested can make it so. Leaders of the G. A. R. say they think it is not advisable for old soldiers to go to a new country and endeavor to build it up. The veterans, they say, are becoming too old advisable for old soldiers to go to a new country and endeavor to build it up. The veterans, they say, are becoming too old to make new communities, and they will probably have many hardships to meet if they join a new colony with the intention of adding to its success. Leaders of the G. A. R., when asked privately about the project, have discouraged veterans from joining it, but nevertheless the "club," as it is called, is said to have already about ten thousand members. Comparatively few veterans from this city have taken up with the project, the recruits coming principally from the West.

The department of the G. A. R. have received a copy of resolutions from the Department Encampment, G. A. R., of Georgia, warning the Northern soldiers to be careful about the ground upon which they settle. The resolutions say there is a great deal of ground in Georgia with cloudy titles and efforts have been made to sell it to innocent and unsuspecting persons. The circular sent with the resolutions reads:

"There are large tracts of land located in various counties to which pretended titles are held under fraudulent grants. So great has been the traffic in those fraudulent titles, and so widespread have been the efforts to unload them upon the innocent and unadvised purchasers that the Hon. Philip Cook, Secretary of State, as recently as March, 1892, felt it his duty to issue a circular calling special attention to these frauds, in order, as he says, to pro-

recently as March, 1892, felt it his duty to issue a circular calling special attention to these frauds, in order, as he says, to protect innocent people from being deceived thereby. This circular we hereby urge our friends to read carefully—to study—and in order that opportunity may be given to all who desire to know the facts we incorporate herein, and make part of these resolutions, a copy of this circular furnished by the State authorities.

"While we have emphasized attention to the possible dangers comrades may incur in becoming freeholders of our adopted State, we take pleasure in assuring them that there is desirable land in Georgia sufficient in quantity to furnish a great army of old soldiers with good farms, which can be secured in large or small tracts, for a reasonable price, the titles to which are perfect."

T. P. A. STATE CONVENTION.

Extensive Preparations to Receive the Delegates in May.

The members of Post B, Travelers' Protective Association, Indiana division, met in the parlors of the Denison Hotel last night to make arrangements for the State convention to be held in this city Saturday, May 4. A committee on arrangements was appointed, as follows: C. McPherson, J. H. Stubbs, James W. Muir, C. F. Olds and B. H. Prather. The organization has over 1,200 members in this State and at least one-half of this number is expected to attend the convention. There are only about sixty resident members, but they are making elaborate preparations to entertain the visiting members. A reception committee will be at the Union Station to meet the delegates and their wives and they will be taken to the various hotels. On Saturday morning there will be a big parade of the traveling men, headed by the Indianapolis members. This will be followed by the first session of the convention at the Propylaeum, at which time Governor Matthews and Mayor Denny will deliver addresses of welcome. John A. Lee, national president of the association, will also deliver an address. During the afternoon, while the members are attending the business session, the ladies will be taken in charge by the wives of the resident members and will be shown over the city. The evening will be devoted to a ball at the Propylaeum. 1,200 members in this State and at least

#### OLD MEDICAL COLLEGE SUIT.

A Receivership, of Which Few Have Ever Heard, Bobs Up. Through the medium of a suit filed in the Superior Court yesterday the students and faculty of the Medical College of Indiana were apprised of the existence of a receiver at the head of the concern. Joseph Bristow, as receiver of the college, began an action against Joseph Marsee, A. W. Brayton, G. L. Curtis, Edward F. Hodges, F. W. Hays, F. R. Morrison, W. N. Wishard, J. H. Taylor, D. A. Thompson, L. H. Dunning and Henry Jameson The complaint shows that the plaintiff was appointed receiver of the Medical College of Indiana, Oct. 1. 1891. The suit is brought to recover the assets which the plaintiff avers were in the hands of the defendants at the time of his appointment. He wants a judgment for \$15,000.

Byron K. Elliott, attorney for the college, says that he never heard of the receivership set out by Bristow. Attorney Daily, who represents the plaintiff, Bristow, says that the present medical college is not

says that the present medical college is not involved in the suit. The claim of his client grows out of a suit brought time ago by Drs. Comingor and Fletcher. They sued the trustees, who turned over the property of the old college to the new. It is alleged that the step was taken with-

The Couple Will Remarry.

Nathan C. Roe was married to Cora B. Sahman at Greenville, O., Dec. 11, 1894. The woman had once been married and believed that the divorce she had secured a year before was regular. She lived with Roe but a few months when it was found that they were not legally married on account of an irregularity in the proceedings for divorce from her former husband. By mutual agreement a suit was filed yesterday asking the court to annul the marriage contract. matter has been legally settled.

Complaint for a Receiver. Silas M. Hozingo yesterday made application for a receiver to take charge of a drug store at 207 West New York street.

The store is now in the hands of Nathan The store is now in the hands of Nathan G. Miller. Jerome B. Nutt, his business partner, died recently and the plaintiff wants the estate of the decedent settled up, so that he can recover on a mortgage ex ecuted by Nutt several months before his death.

The Barnum & Bailey Circus. The Barnum & Bailey show, which exhibits in Indianapolis May 31, is making a feature of its street parades this year. One of the interesting things about the pageant will be the living representatives of the crowned heads of Europe and the Eastern world. They will appear in carriages of state and on horseback. One of the attractions of the performance will be the Midway, with its curious fascinations. All of the marvelous exhibits shown in New York will be brought to Indianapolis, including the widow of Chiko. Johanna, the glantess gorilla, and the ethnological congress of strange and savage races. The assertion is strange and savage races. The assertion is made that the entire outfit of the Barnum

ited to the people of this country last year. More Charges Against Reichert. Charles Reichert, the man who gave Constable Harvey Huston, of Magistrate Lockman's court, so much trouble while he was attempting to replevy a horse and from buggy belonging to Reichert Friday after-tract noon, was rearrested yesterday morning by

Constable Huston on a warrant charging him with obstructing legal process. This is a serious charge, as the penalty is a fine of not more than \$1,000 nor less than \$100, to which may be attached a jall sentence. The case against Reichert in Police Court yesterday morning, in which he is charged with assault and battery and resisting an officer, was continued until Monday. Reichert is out on a \$1,500 bond, which was signed by Albert Lieber.

THE UNDERGROUND ORDINANCE. City Attorney Thinks It Will Stand

Considerable Revision. The Board of Public Works yesterday held short conference with City Attorney Scott relative to the proposed ordinance which will require all electric light, telephone and telegraph wires to be laid under ground. The committee on railroads from the City Council was present during the conference. The contemplated ordinance was discussed informally. There was a unanimity of opinion among the members of the board and Council committee that the wires should be put under ground. The Board of Works desires to settle the question before permitting the entrance to the city of another telephone company. Should the proposed ordinance become a law, all wires inside the territory bounded by East, West, North and South streets will have to come down. The underground system will also include these streets. City Attorney Scott said that he had looked over the ordinance prepared and thought it would require considerable revision before it could be submitted to the Council. There seemed to be some confusion as to whether the power to enforce the underground system lay with the board or the Council.

Yesterday the Board of Works sent out a large number of letters to companies interested in different telephones asking them to consider the opportunity to bid for a franchise in this city. They were all informed that if they desired to do so an opportunity would be given them to place two instruments in the courthouse basement for the inspection of the board and patrons in the city. Letters were also addressed to to come down. The underground system will for the inspection of the board and patrons in the city. Letters were also addressed to many firms supposed to know something about underground conduits, asking for information, in a general way, about the best system to employ in this city. It is the intention of the Board of Works to gather all the information possible in regard to telephones and conduits before granting any franchise.

FURNAS SWEEPER A SUCCESS. Company Wants to Demonstrate It by

Keeping Several Streets Clean. The new Furnas sweeper was publicly tried yesterday on Monument Place. The trial was pronounced a success by those who witnessed it. The power to remove the dirt is air thrown by a swiftly revolving fan. The machine has an apron that sets within five-sixteenths of an inch of the payement. A current of air is thrown on to the pavement and a counter current sucks the dirt up into the machine. As the dust passes upward it encounters a spray of steam, which mixes with it and causes it steam, which mixes with it and causes it to settle into a receiver, from which it is dumped at regular intervals. In this way there is no dust thrown into the air, and the pavement is left perfectly clean and dry, obviating the necessity of sprinkling. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Furnas appeared before the Board of Works and made a formal request to be allowed to give the machine a full test on the streets. He asked that certain down-town streets, including Washington street, be set aside for his machine to clean at no expense to the city or the property owners. He want-ed that the board should allow him sufed that the board should allow him sufficient territory so the wind could not blow the dust on to the street he cleaned from other streets cleaned by the present methods. The proposition was received, but no action taken, because the board does not know just what authority it has to order the regular contractor to cease his work. The city attorney will be consulted, and, if it is found that the board can do so, the proposition of the Furnas company will be accepted.

The Massachusetts-Avenue Asphalt. The remonstrance of citizens residing on Massachusetts avenue, between Bellefontaine street and the C., C., C. & St. L. railway, against asphalt improvements, was considered by the Board of Public Works yesterday and finally referred to the city Massachusetts-avenue viaduct question has been disposed of. The property owners abutting on the alleys east and west of Tacoma avenue, from Washington to Ohio street, filed a written remonstrance with the board. They are protesting against the proposed construction of sewers along these alleys. The board will take no immediate

Walks on Massachusetts Avenue. The Board of Public Works yesterday awarded the contract for erecting a twentyfoot walk on both sides of Massachusetts avenue, from Ohio to Delaware street, to F. M. Snyder & Co. There were six bids, ranging from \$2.78 to \$3.48 a lineal foot. F. M. Snyder & Co. submitted the lowest estimate. The firm of Laakman & Sherer were given the contract for building a walk on Massachusetts avenue, between Delaware and St. Clair streets. The walk is to be fifteen feet in width. Laakman & Sherer will receive \$2.05 a lineal foot for the new walk and 35 cents for resurfacing. walk and 35 cents for resurfacing.

Improvements Ordered.

The Board of Works yesterday adopted improvement resolutions as follows: Cement sidewalks in Maryland street, from Illinois street to Kentucky avenue; brick sidewalk on the east side of Alvord street, from Malott avenue to the Big Four tracks; cement sidewalks on Pearl street, from Illinois to Pennsylvania street; cement side-walks on Keith street, from Stoughton to Louise street; cement sidewalk on the east side of Meridian street, from Madison ave-nue to Merrill street, and cement side-walks on Ohio street, from Mississippi to

City Civil-Service Examinations. A competitive examination will be held in the City Council chamber next Saturday morning of applicants for appointment as sanitary inspectors, under the Department of Public Health and Charities. There will be an examination on the 27th inst., at 2 p. m., in the office of the Board of Public Works, by the board for the appointment of an additional clerk in the office of the Board of Public Works and assessment roll

They Will Receive Credit. Owners of property abutting on Hanway and Yeiser streets will receive credit on the assessment on the main sewer on those streets for all assessment paid on other main sewers which do not, under the changed plans, contribute to the drainage of those streets.

Commissioner Claypool Qualifies. E. F. Claypool arrived from California yesterday and qualified as a member of the new park commission. The commissioners will organize to-morrow afternoon. Minor Municipal Notes.

Bill boards must be removed from the Illinois-street tunnel by order of the Board The water company was instructed yes-

terday to lay a water main in Vine street, from Broadway street to College avenue. The city engineer was instructed to pre-pare the necessary papers for a bridge over Pogue's run at Ray street to cost not over \$2,500.

G. F. Rawson, the man who recently gave the food exposition in this city, wants to rent Tomlinson Hall for three weeks in December for a similar expositio The city engineer was instructed yesterday to make an estimate of the cost of repairing the pavement on the Virginiaevenue viaduct. It is in very bad condi-

Petitions were yesterday filed for cement sidewalks on Keith street, from Stoughton to Louis street; for paving with brick the first alley west of Union street, from Mc-Carty to Sycamore street. Sprinkling deductions were ordered yesterday for failure to properly sprinkle last Thursday as follows: John South, contractor, Capitol avenue, from Morris to Merrill street; Morris street, from Dakota

to Meridian street.

A Motor Upsets a Wagon.

Mr. and Mrs. Caplinger, living three miles south of the city on the Shelbyville road, were driving along Virginia avenue yesterday afternoon, when the spring wagon in which they rode was struck by car No. 537, in front of No. 281 Virginia avenue. They had started to cross the track in front of the can and the motorman was unable to stop. The wagon was overturned and Mr. Caplinger suffered a broken rib and was otherwise badly bruised. His wife was scarcely injured. They were taken to the office of Dr. Bigger, where their injuries were dressed.

### "THE SUBWAY"

The Common People's "Hole in the Ground."

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AGAINST ENDEAVOR SOCIETIES.

utheran Synod Does Not Believe Them Helpfus to the Churches.

The German Evangelical Lutneran Synod adjourned yesterday noon until to-morrow. Professor G. Stoeckhardt continued his theses on the doctrines of the church. ered under the subject of "Preaching and Practice." Professor Stoeckhardt held each congregation of the church to be a will of itself: that God's intention is for each church to be governed by His word alone, and that false doctrines should not be to erated. The Lutheran Church is organize much after the plan of the United States government. Each congregation has a sovereign will and each is guided by God's ereign will and each is guided by God's will. The synod cannot prescribe rules of doctrine nor dictate how services should be held. The expression of the synod was against Endeavor societies and other means employed by other churches to increase membership. It was held that the word of God should be employed to build up the kingdom of God. It was thought that there should be but one organization in a congregation, not organization in the church organization. Young people societies, when organization. Young people societies, when designed to promote a study of the organization. Young people societies, when designed to promote a study of the Scriptures and increase an interest in the church, are all right, but where the societies are so conducted as to flourish to the detriment of the church, they are wrong. The present custom of the Lutheran Church prohibiting outsiders to partake of the sacrament was commended by Professor Stoeckhardt and members of the synod. A nonbeliever is not allowed to partake of the sacrament. If an outsider wishes to partake, he must express his intention a week before the communion services. The preacher of a congregation must first satisfy himself regarding the applicant's fitness before administering the sacrament.

To-day services are to be held in the Lutheran churches according to the following arrangement: At the Second Evangelical Lutheran Church. East and Ohio streets, the Rev. J. A. Schmidt, of Elyria, O., will preach in the morning and the Rev. P. H. Schmidt, of Seymour, Ind., in the evening. At St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, McCarty and New Jersey streets, the Rev. Wambsganss, of Newburg, O., will preach in the morning, and the Rev. F. W. Herzberger, of Hammond, burg. O., will preach in the morning, and the Rev. F. W. Herzberger. of Hammond, Ind., at night. The last services of the meetings will be held to-morrow evening at the Second Lutheran Church, Ohio and

DIXON COMPANY'S PLANS.

Does Not Operate Garbage Plants, but Wants to Sell One to the City.

The garbage committee had a conference yesterday morning with a representative of the Dixon Sanitary Company, of Findlay, O., in regard to a proposition for a garbage plant. This company does not operate plants, but simply builds them. Its plan is to secure a contract with a city to put in a plant and operate it for sixty or ninety days, at the end of which time, if the plant has proved satisfactory it is to be bought by the city at a price previously agreed upon. The representative of the agreed upon. The representative of the company says the plant will dispose of garbage in quantities such as this city produces at about 8 cents a ton, and if night soil and dead animals be included the cost would not average more than 15 cents a ton, which Mayor Denny roughly estimates would make the cost to this city \$15 a day, basing his estimate on one hundred tons daily.

The representative of the company made The representative of the company made no proposition to the city, but will wait and see the outcome of the conference with the agent of the American Reduction Company next Tuesday. If that company does not make a suitable proposition the Dixon company will then make the city an offer, which, however, could hardly be accepted, as it would involve the purchase by the city of the present plant of the desiccating company at \$13,000. This is what the city is trying to avoid. what the city is trying to avoid.

Local Council Annual. The annual meeting of the Local Council will be held to-morrow afternoon and Tuesday afternoon and evening at the Propylaeum. Monday reports will be read

and officers elected. The programme arranged for Tuesday is as follows: ranged for Tuesday is as follows:

Afternoon—Ten-minute addresses by representatives of twelve associations in affiliation with the Local Council of Women; religion, Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, Second Presbyterian Church, Mrs. Edward H. Eldridge, president; Woman's Missionary Society, Sixth Presbyterian Church, Mrs. Melissa I. Drammond, president; Bible Society, Mrs. Catherine L. Dorsey, member; literature, German Literary Club, Mrs. Claire A. Walker, president; Woman's Club, Irvington, Mrs. Inez W. Tibbott, president; Clio Club, Mrs. Arthur Webb, delegate; philanthropy, Flower Mission, Miss Julia marrison Moore, recording secretary; Union Veteran Legion, Auxiliary No. 22, Mrs. Ella D. Zinn, delegate; Gersecretary: Union Veteran Legion, Auxiliary
No. 22, Mrs. Ella D. Zinn, delegate; German Ladies' Aid Society, Mrs. Philip Rappaport, delegate; George H. Thomas W. R.
C., Mrs. Flora E. Wulschner, delegate;
miscellaneous, Indianapolis Society of
Hygiene, Miss Hester M. McClung, delegate; Propylaeum Association, Mrs. Elizabeth J. Cleland, \_rector.

Evening session—Music, "Lead Kindly
Light," members of the Matinee Musicale;
address, "Women in Council," Mrs. May
Wright Sewall (retiring president of the
National Council of Women); address, Mrs.
Josephine R. Nichols, delegate from Indianapolis Local Council of Women; "The
Second Triennial of the National Council
of Women" (described by one who was on
the floor of the house.)

Musical Notes.

Mr. W. H. Donley gave a successful organ recital yesterday afternoon, playing some of the newest and most brilliant music written for that instrument. The andante from Schubert's unfinished symphony, transcribed by Mr. Donley, was one of the selections given.

Mr. Max Leckner's advanced pupils, assisted by Mr. John L. Gelger, baritone, will give a recital to-morrow evening at the English Lutheran Church, on North Pennsylvania street. The programme includes two piano quartets, overture to "Figaro," by Mozart, and "Pojonais and Polonaise," by Rubenstein, " Misses O'Donneil, Reaume, Jeukins and Kettenbach; "Impromptu," Op. 90, No. 1, Schubert, Miss Deborah Moore; "Waltz." Op. 42, Chopin, Miss Reaume; two nocturnes, Op. 15, No. 3, and

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Made and Sold

70 North Pennsylvania St.







Op. 9, No. 2, Chopin, Miss Estella Selig; "Polonaise in E," Liszt, Miss Lou Powers; "Gavotte," Op. 34, Misses Kettenbach and Reaume; two nocturnes, Op. 15, No. 3, and "La Fileuse," Raff, Miss Frances Hennen; Waltz, Op. 34, No. 1, Miss Alice M. Halpin; "Valse Favorite," Raff, Miss Florence Atkins; "Second Scherzo," Op. 21, Chopin, Miss Blanche O'Donnell; "Fantasie Impromptu," Chopin, Miss Grace Kettenbach; "Concert Waltz," Wieniawski, Miss Susie Brown; "The Trout," Schubert-Heller, Miss Mary Jenkins; "Polonaise Characteristique," Op. 5, Nicode, Mrs. J. R. Lilley, and "Scene and Aria," from Irene, and "Aldebaran," arranged from Brahms, Mr. John L. Geiger, violin obligato, Mr. William C. Sterne.

Arthur Bogardus, a South-side youth, was arraigned in the Criminal Court yesterday on a grand jury indictment charging him with criminal assault. There were indictments against other boys, ranging in age from fourteen to nineteen years, for the same offense. The Bogardus case was tried, and on motion of the State the charges were dismissed. The indictments against the other youthful defendants were nollied. Henry Stuckmeyer, Robert as follows: Stuck, Otis Mowe, Henry Bogarding, Otto Schultz, George Wolf, Frank Blair, Harry Ohms, Samuel Byers and Jesse Huey.

She Is Probably Fatally Burned. Mrs. Anna Ballanger, wife of William tally burned yesterday. She was burning some straw and rubbish when her clothing caught fire. She was horribly burned about the waist and back. Mrs. Ballanger was alone, and she had to fight the flames as best she could. Her recovery is doubtful. Ballanger, of Millersville, was probably fa-

Pigeous from Belgium. The Columbia Homing Club, of this city. has imported a number of pairs of fine pigeons from Antwerp. Belgium, which arrived April II in fine condition. These birds have proved a record of five hundred miles and over and the members of the club expect to beat the world's record this coming fall.

INDIANAPOLIS BREWING G

He Had Forgotten Something.

He had forgotten to telephone 690 for a supply of bottled beer for family use, and wife is reminding him of his short-coming. The best bottled beers are those made by the INDIANAPOLIS BREWING CO. They are delivered to any part of the city (telephone 690), and you can have choice of pints or quarts—"Tafel," "Tonica." "Special Brew" and "Budweiser." As the weather grows warmer these beverages are more and more appreciated. Always wholesome and palatable.

Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 per